

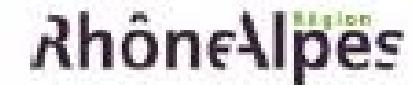
Integration of business and industrial knowledge on services to set trusted business communities of organisations

Context

Service-chain based collaborative model

Industrial service registry organisation

Conclusion



- Industrial strategy
 - Blue ocean strategy
 - New business opportunities
 - Precede the consumer needs
 - Customer centric
 - Customer perceived value chain
 - ✓ Value added activities
 - Mass customization
 - Sustainable production
 - Life cycle integration
 - Logistic constraints
 - Product-service economy
- Internet based economy
 - Web 2.0
 - Virtual services
 - Service oriented enterprise?

Service vs product

➤ Intangible

□ Virtual

□ May require physical resources...

➤ No stock

□ « Consumed » by the client

 Different typologies

➤ Tangible / Intangible components importance

□ Impact on the service selection

□ Value-added activities classification

➤ Service production organisation

□ Involvement of the client

□ Production organisation

❑ Product-oriented

- Product owned by the consumer
- « Companion » services
 - ❑ Delivery
 - ❑ Maintenance

❑ Use oriented

- Identified physical product
- Buy the right to use the product

❑ Result oriented

- A service is substituted to the product
- No clear identification of the physical product

- ❑ Inter-enterprise collaboration
 - Collaboration strategy
 - ❑ Value management
 - ❑ Outsourcing strategy
 - Common processes
 - Interoperability challenges
 - ❑ Conceptual:
 - ✓ Business semantics
 - ✓ Business rules
 - ❑ Organisational
 - ✓ Responsibility management
 - ✓ Distributed decision framework
 - ❑ Technological
 - ✓ N-Tiers architecture
 - ✓ De facto web-based standard

- Collaborative service ecosystems
 - Service or Product-service strategy
 - Customer perceived value chain
 - Life cycle constraints
 - Delivery constraints
 - Partnership management
 - Partner selection
 - Collaboration strategy
- Large scale service ecosystems development
 - Service publication
 - Community management
 - Business area
 - Trust
 - Service chain enactment
 - Composition process
 - Service identification
 - Governance toolset

- ❑ Industrial service semantics
 - Different business areas ontologies
 - ❑ Describe service competencies
 - ❑ Used to set inter-area mediation
 - Different business communities
 - ❑ Integration of trusted partners
 - ❑ Partners expertise
- ❑ Industrial service chain composition
 - Based on the consumer needs
 - Integration of business knowledge
 - ❑ Trusted communities
 - Integration of industrial knowledge
 - ❑ Production strategy
 - ❑ Industrial quality

Selection strategy

➤ What should be done

- Business Service “competency” referring to a business area ontology

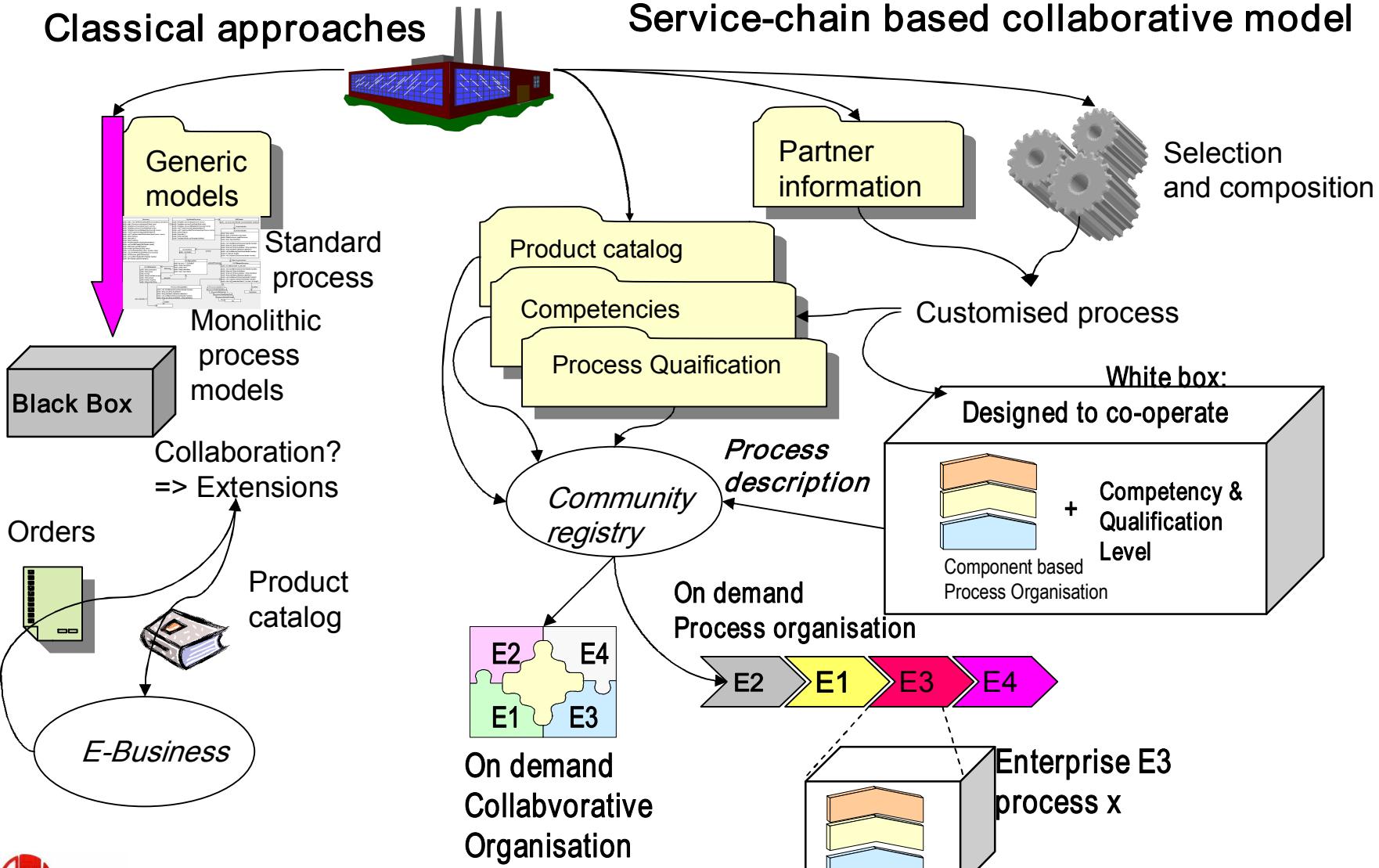
➤ With who

- Partner identification
- Partner location
- Use Trusted communities

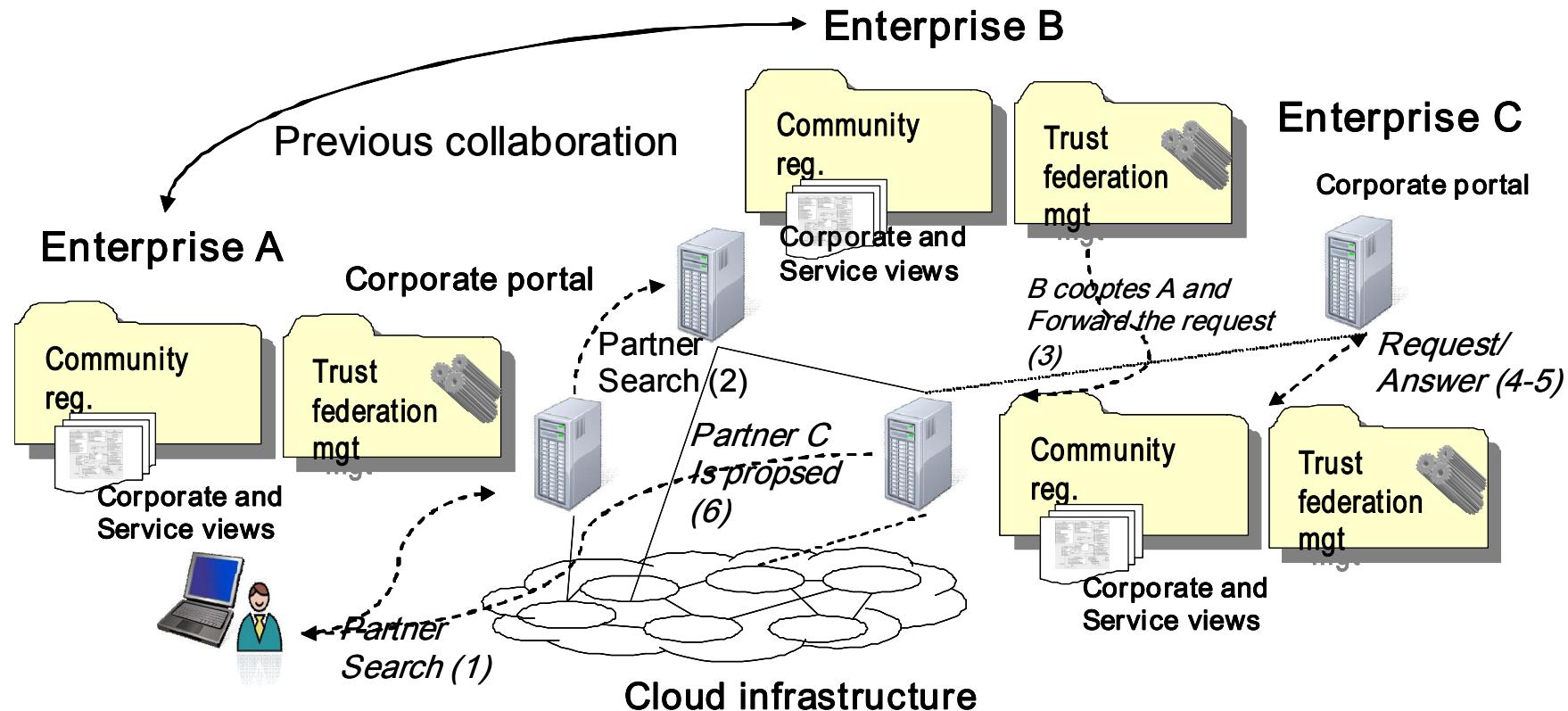
➤ How

- Production strategy
- Non functional properties
 - ✓ Maturity
 - ✓ Quality

Service-based collaborative ecosystem: enterprise side



Service-based collaborative ecosystem: Collaborative side



3 dimensions

➤ Corporate dimension

- Administrative information
- Location
- Collaboration oriented properties
 - ✓ Past collaboration
 - ✓ Business communities

➤ Functional properties

- Competencies
- Production strategies
- IT support reference (interoperability constraints)

➤ Non functional properties

- Static information
- Dynamic information

Non functional properties

➤ Security

- Related to the environmental risks
- Different security policies

➤ Quality of service

- Environmental interface
- Process quality
 - ✓ Maturity : CMMI classification
 - ✓ Global quality (refer to the business area)

 Production abilities

- ✓ Reliability
- ✓ Configuration
- ✓ Delay
- ✓ Adaptation

 Cost / financial information Other performance indicators as sustainable growth parameters...

Selection

➤ Semantic filtering

- Equivalence
- Proximity

➤ Integration of the 3 dimensions

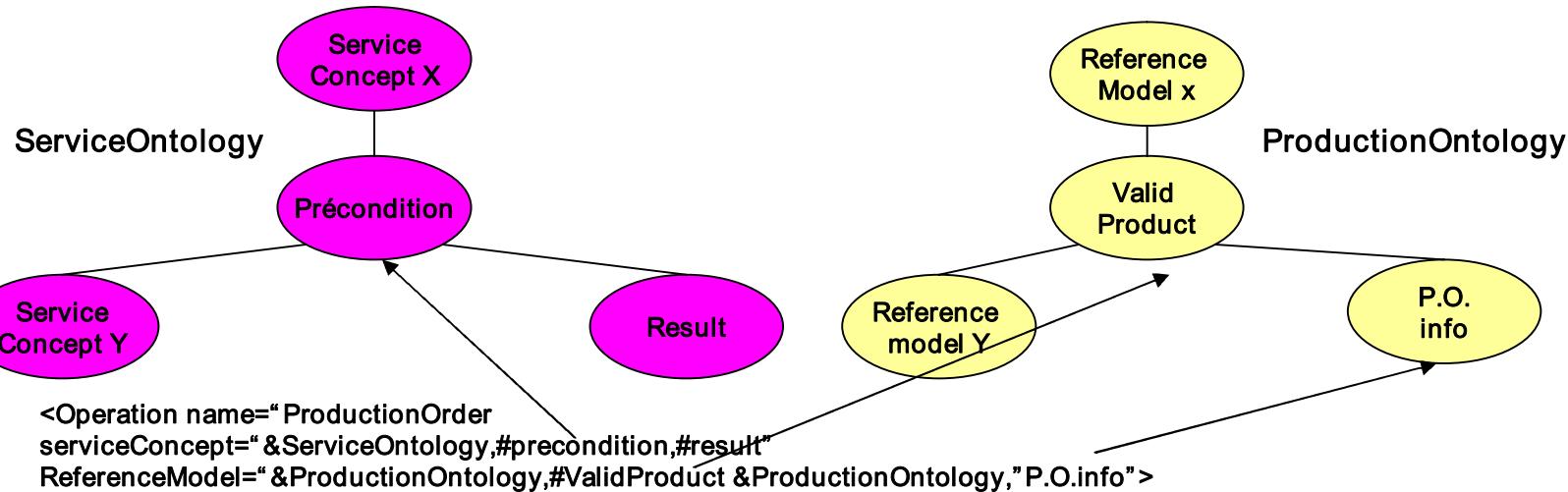
- Community-based
 - ✓ « Federation manager »
 - ✓ Based on previous collaboration
- Integration of « static » non functional properties

 Late binding service

- If necessary
- Selection depending on the service level agreement
- Integration of dynamic non functional properties

❑ Implementation

- Based on the DRAGON Toolset
- Extensions based on YASA4WSDL
 - ❑ Different business ontologies
 - ❑ Functional and non functional properties



❑ Non functional properties monitoring

- Manage the previous experiences
- Mean – standard deviation

❑ Communities management

- Each partner manages its own collaboration
- Cooptation relationships
- Exchange Quality of service information

❑ Further extension

- Globalised governance toolset
- Trust computation

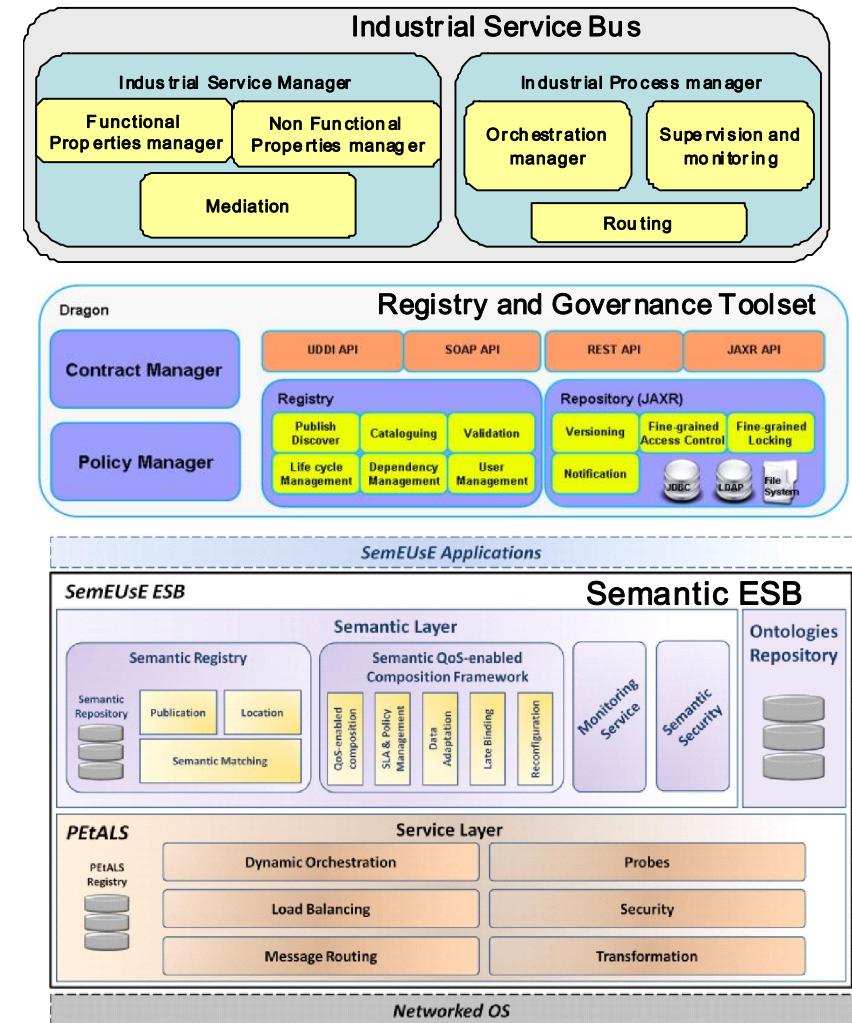
Business service bus architecture

❑ Business service manager

- Extended registry
- Semantic annotation
- Semantic mediation

❑ Business Process manager

- Federation manager
- Selection/composition
- Routing process
 - ❑ Contract-based
 - ❑ Routing
- Governance toolset



- ❑ Multi-disciplinary research work
 - Industrial engineering point of view
 - ❑ Service Production systems
 - ❑ Service chain organisation
 - Computer science point of view
 - ❑ Middleware based architecture
 - ❑ Software Quality and Quality of Service
- ❑ Multi-dimensional service ecosystem model
 - Internal vs external views
 - Global vs stand-alone view
- ❑ Current development
 - Open-source based
 - Extension of the SeMeuse Project
- ❑ Further works
 - Contextual IT service generation