

Primary Care Electronic Health Record Data: Good to the last byte

JESS 2017

Paris

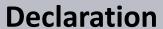
April 20, 2017

Richard Birtwhistle MD MSc FCFP



Canadian Primary Care Sentinel Surveillance Network

Réseau canadien de surveillance sentinelle en soins primaires



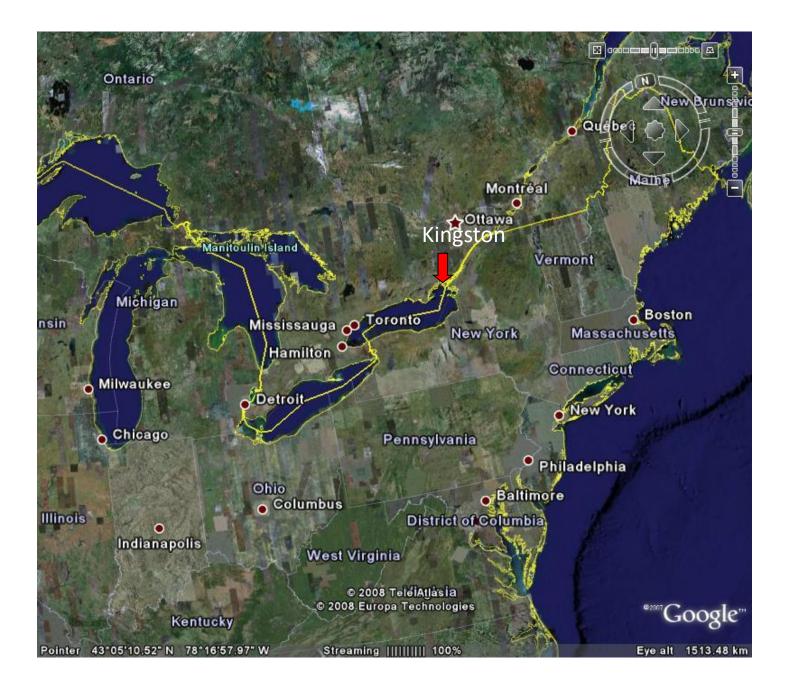


I have no conflicts of interest related to this presentation.

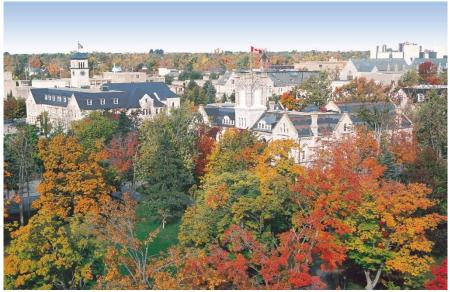




- 1. The importance of using data for the health system and quality clinical care.
- 2. Overview of the Canadian Primary Care Sentinel Surveillance Network (CPCSSN).
- 3. Examples of use of EMR data for surveillance, research and clinical practice.











Commonwealth Fund International Scorecard

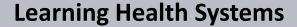
EXHIBIT ES-1. OVERALL RANKING

COUNTRY RANKINGS

Тор 2*											
Middle	NZ .		_	_		# .·					
Bottom 2*		*				× ×		_	+		80000
	AUS	CAN	FRA	GER	NETH	NZ	NOR	SWE	SWIZ	UK	US
OVERALL RANKING (2013)	4	10	9	5	5	7	7	3	2	1	11
Quality Care	2	9	8	7	5	4	11	10	3	1	5
Effective Care	4	7	9	6	5	2	11	10	8	1	3
Safe Care	3	10	2	6	7	9	11	5	4	1	7
Coordinated Care	4	8	9	10	5	2	7	11	3	1	6
Patient-Centered Care	5	8	10	7	3	6	11	9	2	1	4
Access	8	9	11	2	4	7	6	4	2	1	9
Cost-Related Problem	9	5	10	4	8	6	3	1	7	1	11
Timeliness of Care	6	11	10	4	2	7	8	9	1	3	5
Efficiency	4	10	8	9	7	3	4	2	6	1	11
Equity	5	9	7	4	8	10	6	1	2	2	11
Healthy Lives	4	8	1	7	5	9	6	2	3	10	11
Health Expenditures/Capita, 2011**	\$3,800	\$4,522	\$4,118	\$4,495	\$5,099	\$3,182	\$5,669	\$3,925	\$5,643	\$3,405	\$8,508

Notes: * Includes ties. ** Expenditures shown in \$US PPP (purchasing power parity); Australian \$ data are from 2010.

Source: Calculated by The Commonwealth Fund based on 2011 International Health Policy Survey of Sicker Adults; 2012 International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians; 2013 International Health Policy Survey, Commonwealth Fund National Scorecard 2011; World Health Organization; and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, OECD Health Data, 2013 (Paris: OECD, Nov. 2013).





2012 IOM Recommendations

- 1. Digital Infrastructure
- 2. Data Utility
- 3. Clinical Decision Aids

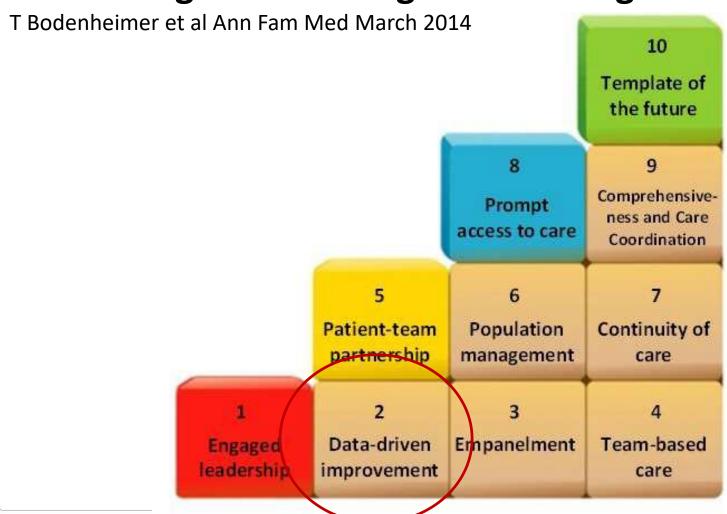
BEST CARE AT LOWER COST

The Path to Continuously Learning
Health Care in America

OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES

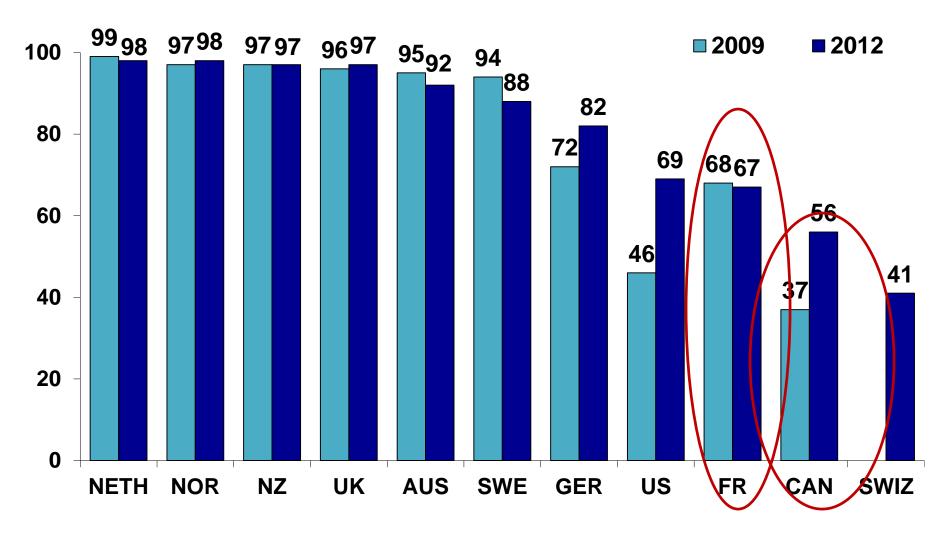


10 Building Blocks of High-Performing Primary Care



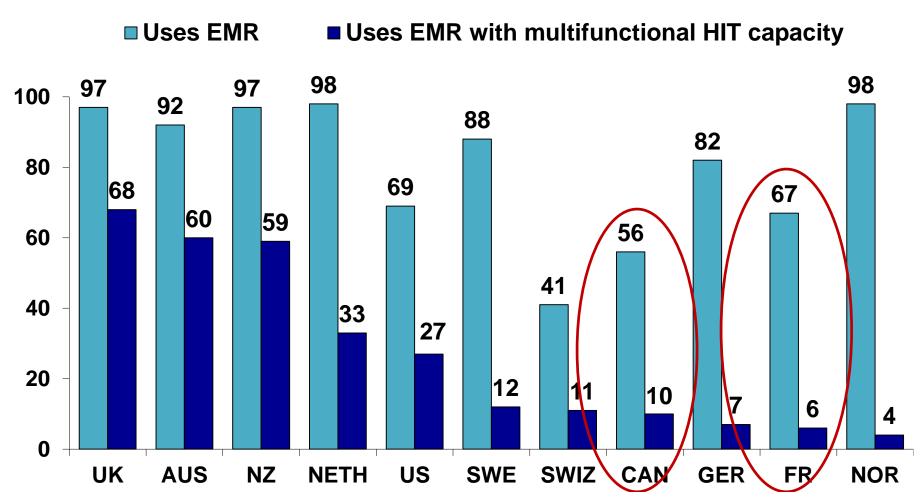
Doctors' Use of Electronic Medical Records in Their Practice, 2009 and 2012

Percent



Doctors with Electronic Medical Records and Multifunctional Health IT Capacity

Percent



Note: Multifunctional health IT capacity—uses electronic medical record and at least two electronic functions: for order entry management, generating patient information, generating panel information, and routine clinical decision support.

Source: 2012 Commonwealth Fund International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians.



Primary Care Data goes into a 'black hole'

The data gets sucked in but never comes out



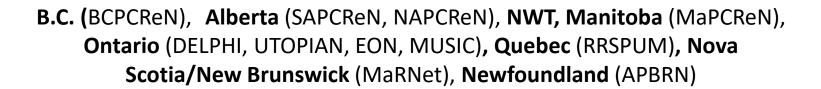


Unique pan- Canadian primary care database

The Canadian Primary Care Sentinel Surveillance Network:

- 1.5 million Canadian patients
- 1200 practices
- 11 PBRNs in 7 provinces, 1 territory
- Some EMR data back to 2003
- Started in 2008
- \$12.5M funding from PHAC
- Strong partnerships with College of Family

Physicians of Canada, Queen's and other Universities







Privacy and Ethics

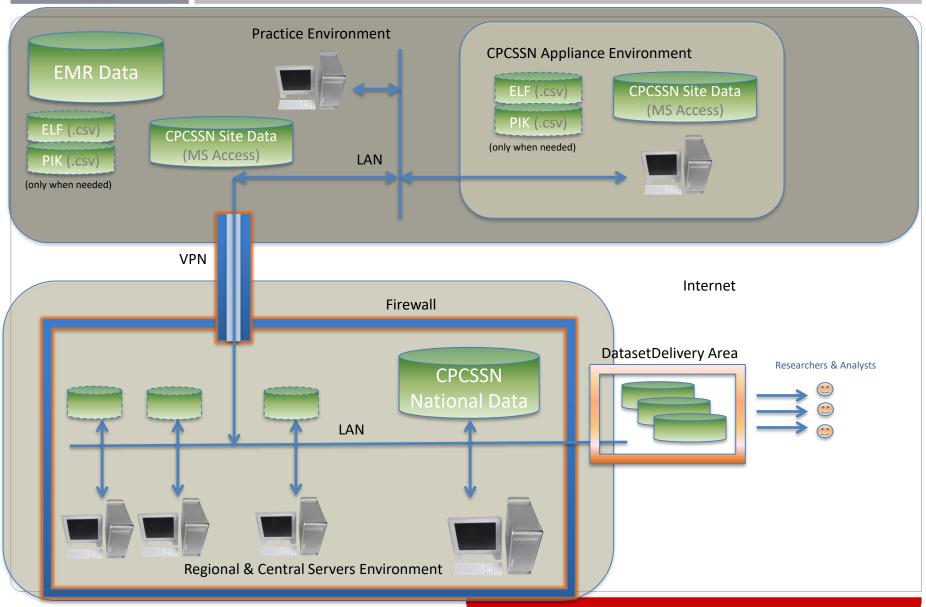
- Opt-out consent
- 12 Research Ethics Board approvals
- Stored in a highly secure facility
- Data is de-identified







Security Overview









- Patient socio-demographics
- Disease/ health condition
- Encounter data
- Risk factor data
- Examination data
- Medications
- Laboratory data
- Referral data
- Procedure data



Data Quality Framework

- Accuracy
- Comparability
- Usability
- Relevance





Issues with Data

- "Dirty data" (misspellings, extra words in field, inconsistent strings (ex smoker, ex-smoker), multiple diagnoses in a single field
 - Can be cleaned by data managers
- "Missing data" (dosages, dates of onset, occupation, ethnicity)
 - Cannot be fixed, other than having it entered
- "Inconsistent data" (Diagnoses stored in several different places –notes, PMH, problem list, Inconsistent Risk Factors coexisting –smoker, ex-smoker)
 - Need to find the best source of data for each EMR
- "Cloudy data" (referral to xray or Dr. Jones)
 - Cannot be fixed, other than enter correctly



Issues with Data

- "Lacking Meta Data" (Diagnosis not in problem list, Medication in encounter notes,)
 - Cannot be fixed, other than enter correctly

 "Lacking standardization" (multiple, changing, inconsistent names or results for lab tests –HbAIC, glycosylated hemoglobin, 7% vs. 0.07 for test results)

- Must be fixed by national lab standards

 "Lacking data feeds" (lab results not coming in electronically)

- Needs to be fixed at clinic level





Representativeness





Chronic Disease

Patients in Database

Chronic Obstructive Lung

Disease 29,146

• **Depression** 108,775

Diabetes 67,651

Hypertension 148,300

Osteoarthritis 77,235

Dementia 18,199

• Epilepsy 8,477

Parkinson's Disease 2,675



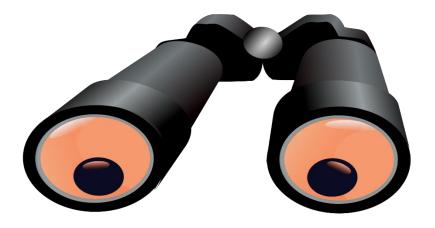


Multimorbidity

Number of Chronic Diseases	Number of Patients (%)				
0	685,593	(69.6)			
1	186,876	(19)			
2	76,900	(7.8)			
3	27,412	(2.8)			
4	7,362	(0.75)			
5	1,391	(0.14)			
6	162	(0.02)			
7	13				



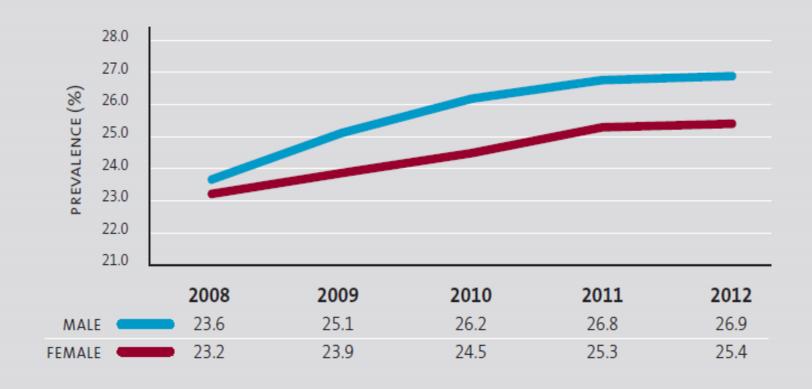
Chronic Disease Surveillance





Chronic Disease Surveillance

Figure 9: Prevalence of Obesity by Sex from 2008 to 2012*



^{*} data as of December 31, 2012 is based on a cohort of 304,412 patients who had one or more encounters in the last 24 months with a CPCSSN sentinel.



Research



Herpes Zoster Infection (VZV) in People with Diabetes in Canadian Primary Care Practice



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www.cpcssn.ca



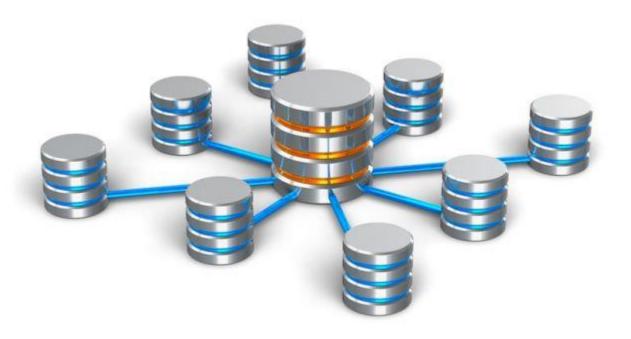
Risk Ratios for VZV by select disease status

Variable	With Zoster (n)	Without Zoster (n)	Unadjusted 95% CI			Age-sex adjusted 95% CI		
			RR	Lower	Upper	RR	Lower	Upper
No indication of diagnoses of interest*	3343	470407		Refere	nce		Refere	nce
With Diabetes	1210	60950	2.73	2.55	2.92	1.27	1.19	1.37
With COPD	521	22546	2.87	2.57	3.21	1.24	1.10	1.39
With any Neoplasm	1454	73947	3.57	3.29	3.86	1.60	1.47	1.74
With HIV/AIDS	48	1418	6.13	4.16	9.01	4.34	2.95	6.38

Patients who have no indication of Diabetes, COPD, Hypertension, Depression, Osteoarthritis, Dementia, Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, any Neoplasm, or HIV/AIDS.



Data Linkage

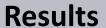




Primary Care EMR with Administrative data

- Hospital Records
- Emergency Department Records
- Social Determinants of Health (e.g. neighbourhoods, income, education)







Level of HbA1c and hospital and emergency room utilization

Variable	A1c level	<7	7-8	>8	Missing	P value
N		5526	2662	1814	2356	
Age (yr)	Mean	65.7	64.7	58.1	61.0	<.001
Female	%	50.1	47	45.4	50.3	<.001
Any acute complication	%	1.9	3.1	6.0	-	<.001
Any chronic complication	%	2.1	3.3	3.8	-	<.001
ER visits	Mean	0.63	0.67	0.95	-	<.001
Inpatient episodes	Mean	0.18	0.22	0.26	-	<.001
ADGs		6.39	6.15	5.98	6.35	<.001



Data Analytics





Data Linkage

Personalized Medicine

EMR with Omic Data







Advanced Data Analytics



- Multiple Data Sources
- Natural language processing (NPL)
- Machine learning

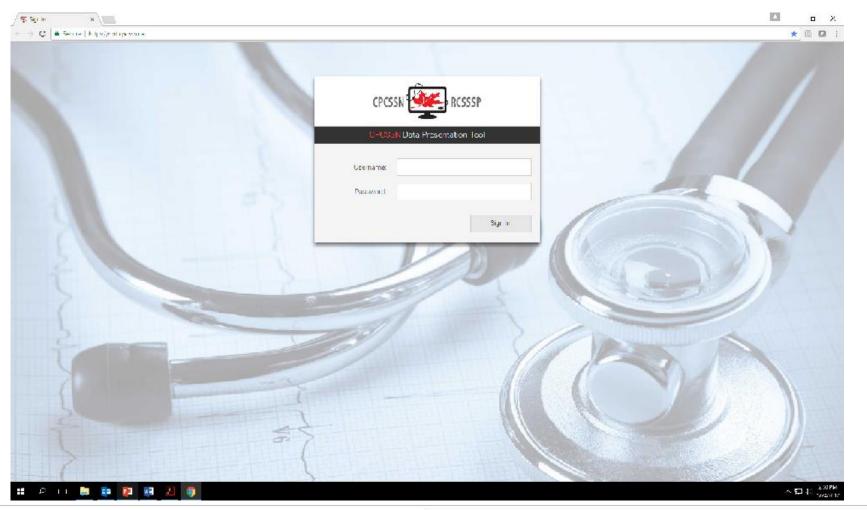


Practice Quality Improvement



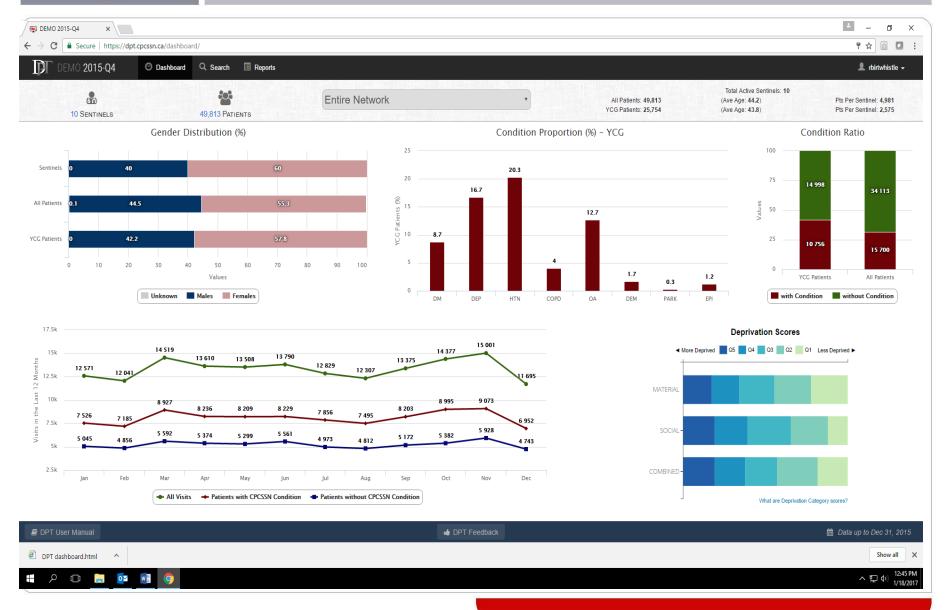


CPCSSN Data Presentation Tool



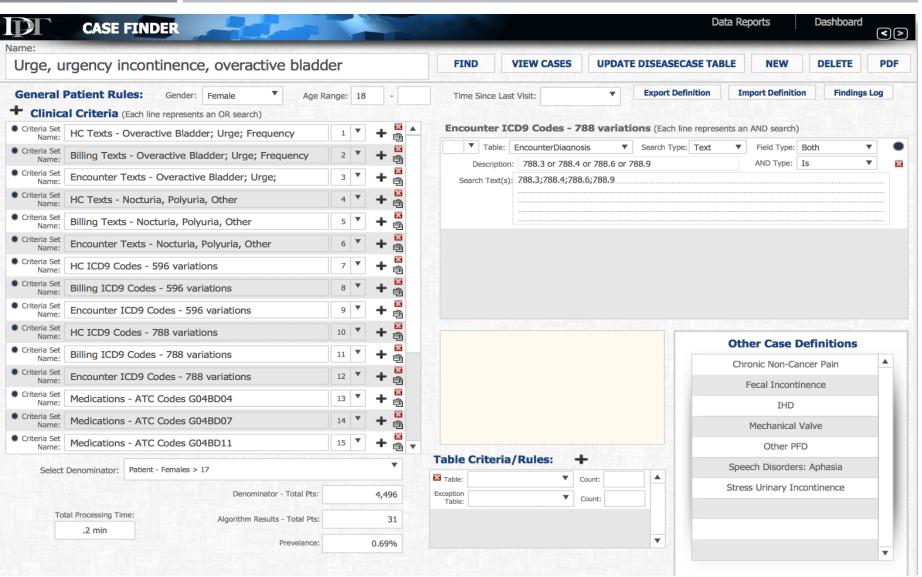


DPT Dashboard



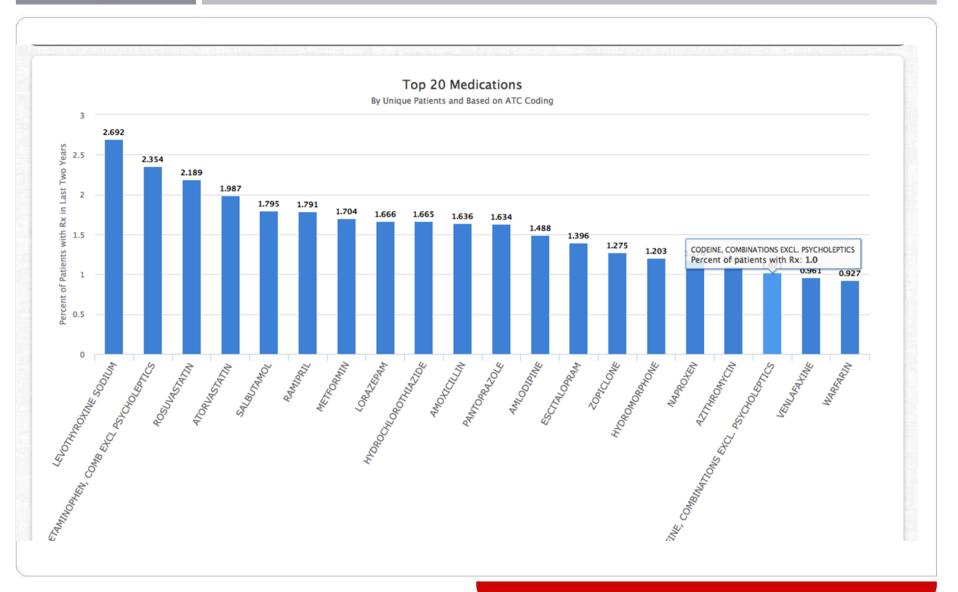


DPT Case Finder



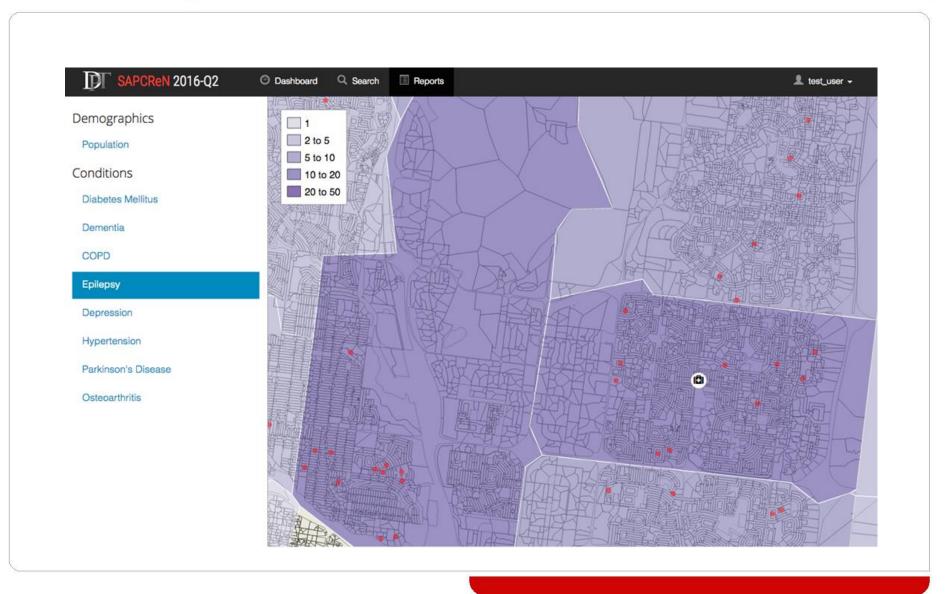


Custom Searches





GIS mapping



CPCSSN Partner Universities



























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http://www.cpcssn.ca